

Immunofluorescence (Indirect Staining) Protocol for Adherent Cells

Ran Chen*

Department of Genetics, Stanford University, Stanford, USA

*For correspondence: rcchen@jfkbio.com

[Abstract] In this protocol, different types of adherent cells are fixed to coverslips by 4% paraformaldehyde. Target proteins are then stained by specific antibodies and fluorescent 2nd antibodies. This protocol therefore provides a method for immunostaining of adherent cells.

Materials and Reagents

- 1. Raw264.7, MCF-7 or Hela cells
- 2. DPBS (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 14190-250)
- 3. FBS (Atlanta Biologicals, catalog number: S11110H)
- Anti-fade mounting medium: e.g. ProLong Gold Antifade Mountant (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: P10144) with DAPI (if nuclear staining is needed) or without DAPI
- 5. Paraformaldehyde (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: 158127)
- 6. General chemicals (Sigma-Aldrich)
- 7. Triton X-100 (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: T8787)
- 8. Tween 20 (Sigma-Aldrich, catalog number: P2287)
- 9. 4% paraformaldehyde-freshly-prepared (5 ml) (see Recipes)
- 10. Antibodies (see Recipes)

Equipment

- 1. Round cover slips (Thermo Fisher Scientific)
- 2. 24-well plate
- 3. Fluorescence microscope

Procedures

 Grow cells on round cover slips in 24-well plates to 30-60% confluence. Do not overgrow because it will be difficult to distinguish cell components when stained.



- 2. Wash cells with 500 μ l/well DPBS twice, then add 250 μ l/well 4% paraformaldehyde for 15 min at room temperature (RT).
- 3. Remove paraformaldehyde, wash the fixed cells with 500 μl/well PBS + 3% FBS for 3 times.
- 4. Permeabilize cells with 250 μ l/well DPBS + 0.2% Triton X-100 for 5 min, then wash with 500 μ l/well DPBS + 3% FBS for 3 times.
- 5. Block with 500 μ l/well DPBS + 3% FBS + 0.5% Tween 20 for 1 h at RT.
- Remove the blocking buffer, add 250 μl/well primary antibodies and incubate at RT for 1 h.
- 7. Remove the antibodies, wash with 500 µl/well DPBS + 3% FBS in 5 min 3 times.
- 8. Add 250 µl/well fluorescent secondary antibodies and incubate at RT for 30 min.
- 9. Remove the antibodies, wash with 500 µl/well DPBS + 3% FBS in 5 min for 3 times.
- 10. Place a small drop of anti-fade reagent on a glass slide, then get the cover slip from the well and put it face down on the drop, push it tightly and attach to the glass slide.
- 11. Leave the slide in the dark for 5 min to let it dry.
- 12. The slide is ready to observe under a fluorescence microscope.

Recipes

1. 4% paraformaldehyde-freshly-prepared (5 ml)

0.2 g paraformaldehyde powder + 5 ml DPBS + 50 µl 1 N NaOH

Incubate at 65 °C

Vortex several times to dissolved completely

Cool at room temperature then add 4 µl HCl

Mixed completely

2. Antibodies

Diluted in DPBS + 3% FBS + 0.5 Tween 20

Primary antibodies: 1:100-1:500 (depends on individual antibodies)

Fluorescent secondary antibodies: 1:800

<u>Acknowledgments</u>

This work was funded by 5050 project by Hangzhou Hi-Tech District, Funding for Oversea Returnee by Hangzhou City, ZJ1000 project by Zhejiang Province. This protocol was developed in the Cohen Lab, Department of Genetics, Stanford University, CA, USA [Chen *et al.* (unpublished)].



References

 Agrawal, S., van Dooren, G. G., Beatty, W. L. and Striepen, B. (2009). <u>Genetic evidence</u> that an endosymbiont-derived endoplasmic reticulum-associated protein degradation (<u>ERAD</u>) system functions in import of apicoplast proteins. *J Biol Chem* 284(48): 33683-33691.