

Transfection of S2 Cell with DNA Using CellFectin Reagent

Darran G. Cronshaw*

Center for Autoimmune and Musculoskeletal Diseases, Feinstein Institute for Medical Research, Manhasset, USA

*For correspondence: dcronshaw@nshs.edu

[Abstract] This method provides a step-by-step guide to transfecting *Drosophila* S2 cells with the pRmHA-3 (or similar) vector with insert of choice (in this case SDF-1β-FLAG) and generating a stable cell line. This cell line is then capable of producing the protein of interest under inducible conditions by addition of copper sulfate, which can then be purified and used as desired. This protocol provides an example to finding out when your peak protein production occurs and a method for determining optimal selection conditions.

Materials and Reagents

- Drosophila Schneider 2 (S2) cells (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: R690-07)
- 2. Dros-SFM (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 10797-025)
- 3. pHAS β AG (pRmHA-3 vector with SDF-1 β -FLAG inserted. Contains a metallothionein promoter inducible with Cu²⁺)
- 4. pUC-Hsneo (contains the neomycin-resistant cassette required for stable selection)
- CellFectin reagent (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 10362-010)
- 6. FBS (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 10437-028)
- Penicillin-Streptomycin (P/S) (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 15140-122)
- 8. G418 sulphate (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 11811-031)
- 9. CuSO₄ (Sigma Aldrich, catalog number: C8027)
- 10. HT supplement (Life Technologies, Invitrogen™, catalog number: 11067-030)
- 11. Transfection solutions (see Recipes)

Equipment

- 1. 6-well plate (Corning Incorporated, catalog number: 353046)
- 2. 24-well plate (Corning Incorporated, catalog number: 353047)



Procedure

Drosophila Schneider 2 (S2) cells are plated out at 1.6 x 10⁶ cells/well (6-well plate, 2 ml /well) and incubated overnight at room temperature (RT).

Note: The optimal temperature of S2 cells is actually 28 °C and they do not need CO₂ to culture.

- 2. Following day, cells are washed 2x with Dros-SFM (no FBS, P/S or HT) 1 ml/well.
- 3. Prepare the 'DNA mix' and 'CellFectin Mix' transfection solutions.

6-well plate layout

0.5 mg/ml G418	1.0 mg/ml G418	1.5 mg/ml G418
Un-transfected	d Untransfected Untransfect	
No G418	No G418	No G418
Un-transfected	Transfected w. 4 μl CellFectin	

0.5 mg/ml	1.0 mg/ml	1.5 mg/ml
G418	G418	G418
	Transfected w. 4 µl CellFectin	
0.5 mg/ml	1.0 mg/ml	1.5 mg/ml
G418	G418	G418
	Transfected w. 8 µl CellFectin	

- 4. 100 μl /sample (*i.e.* 400 μl total) of the DNA mix is added to 100 μl /sample (*i.e.* 400 μl total) CellFectin mix. Solution is gently mixed and left at RT for 30 min.
- 5. After 30 min, 800 μ l /sample (3.2 ml total) of Dros-SFM (no FBS, P/S or HT) is added to the DNA/CellFectin mix.
- 6. 1 ml of this solution is then added to the appropriate wells containing the S2 cells and incubated at RT for 5 h.
- 7. Following the 5 h incubation, medium is aspirated off and Dros-SFM + 10% FBS + P/S + HT (= complete media) is added to each well (2 ml/well).
- 8. Plates are incubated at RT for 48 h.
- 9. At 48 h post-transfection the media is removed and replaced with 2 ml media containing G418 sulphate at indicated concentrations. The cells are transferred to 24-well plates (one 6-well ≥ eight 24-wells) supplemented with additional media + G418 to 1 ml.

24-well plate layout

No G418	No G418	No G418
Un-transfected	Transfected w. 4 μl CellFectin	
0.5 mg/ml G418	1.0 mg/ml G418	1.5 mg/ml G418
	Transfected w. 4 μl CellFectin	

0.5 mg/ml	1.0 mg/ml	1.5 mg/ml	
G418	G418	G418	
Un-transfected	Untransfected	Untransfected	
0.5 mg/ml	1.0 mg/ml	1.5 mg/ml	
G418	G418	G418	

- 10. Cells are incubated at RT with media changed every 5 days (1 ml/well).
- 11. After 3 weeks, untransfected cells should be killed by the G418 at least at the highest concentration. The transfected cells should be fine and healthy.



12. Cells within the 4 μl and 8 μl CellFectin groups are pooled and split 1:1 into two 24-well plates (*i.e.* 8 wells /plate). After 1 h, media is removed and replaced with either complete SFM + 1.5 mg/ml G418 or complete SFM + 1.5 mg/ml G418 + 1 mM CuSO₄.

24-well plate layout

	I.5 mg/ml G418	1.5 mg/ml G418
٧	Fransfected v. 4 μl CellFectin	Transfected w. 8 µl CellFectin

1.5 mg/ml G418	1.5 mg/ml G418
Transfected w. 4 µl CellFectin	Transfected w. 8 µl CellFectin

400 µl

13. Cell lysates are taken at 2, 3, 4 and 5 days post-CuSO₄ addition to determine peak time of SDF-1β-FLAG production.

Recipes

1. Transfection solutions

100 µl Dros-SFM

a.	DNA mix (per sample):	Total (9 samples)
	4 μg pHAS β AG = 1.67 μl	15.0 µl
	0.2 μg pUC-Hsneo = 0.63 μl	5.7 µl
	100 μl Dros-SFM (no FBS or P/S)	900 µl
b.	CellFectin Mix (per sample):	Total (4 samples)
	4 μl or 8 μl CellFectin reagent	16 or 32 µl

References

Bunch, T. A., Grinblat, Y. and Goldstein, L. S. (1988). <u>Characterization and use of the Drosophila metallothionein promoter in cultured Drosophila melanogaster cells.</u> Nucleic Acids Res 16(3): 1043-1061.